

### Public Input Session #1

### **Riverview Park Master Plan**



PLANNING DESIGN STUDIO

In association with Davey Resource Group & Hutchison Engineering

## Agenda





## Organization Chart





## Approach

- Preserve the character of the Park
- Renovate with Minimal Impact
- Engage Public to Optimize Buy-in
- Address Existing Issues with Care
- Realistic Recommendations
- Enhance Assets

## Preserve the ch Depoyate with N

### Master Planning Approach

### Phase I - Data Collection

# Task:<br/> • Kickoff Meeting<br/> • Inventory & Assessment:<br/> • Park, Facilities & Infrastructure<br/> • Historic & Natural Resources<br/> • Programs & ActivitiesMeetings:<br/> • Working Committee<br/> • Staff Interviews<br/> • Public Input SessionOctober 17, 2023 - January 26, 2024

### Phase II - Analysis, Visioning & Concepts

#### Task:

- Define Issues and Opportunities (i.e. park entry, native plantings, shelters, playground, parking)
- Visioning Potential Solutions
- Alternative Concept Development

#### Meetings:

- Staff Coordination & Review
- Working Committee Design Review
- Public Open House Session

Staff Coordination & Review

Public Open House Session

Working Committee Plan Review

Meetings:

Meetings:

#### January, 29 2024 - March 29, 2024

#### 2 Months

### Phase III - Preliminary Master Plan Development

#### Task:

- Overall Parks Master Plan
- Component Plans:
- Park Entry
   Description Facilities 8
- Recreation Facilities & Infrastructure Plan
   Landscape Master Plan

#### Lanuscape Master Plan

#### April 1, 2024 - July 1, 2024

#### **3 Months**

### Phase IV - Final Master Plan

#### Task:

- Master Plan Report
- Overall Master Plan & Enlargement Drawings
- Supporting Graphics
- Master Plan Level Cost
- Implementation Strategies

#### July 2, 2023 - September 2, 2024

### Staff Coordination & ReviewWorking Committee Presentation

Public Open House Presentation

#### 2 Months

#### PLANNING DESIGN STUDIO

## **Riverview Park Overview**

### Ossian Cole Simonds

Prairie Style of Landscape Design

Founding Member of American Society of Landscape Architects (1899)

Riverview Park; One of few Known Examples of His Vision

Philosophy: Advocated that the designer's responsibility is to create the most beautiful effect possible, responsive to the site.

### Wilson B. Pettibone

Philanthropist. Park was gift to the Citizens of Hannibal Park of "Unsubdued beauty"

### National Register of Historic Places

Historic Landscape

National Register places no restrictions on what a non-federal owner may do with their property.

Provides opportunities for preservation incentives, such as:

Federal preservation grants for planning and rehabilitation

Federal investment tax credits

Preservation easements to nonprofit organizations

International building code fire and life safety code alternatives



1855 - 1931

Wilson B. Pettibone 1858 - 1946

## **Riverview Park Overview**

Development Restrictions in Place:

- No building or artificial construction is allowed except:
  - Necessary roadways; trails or other means of making it (the park) more accessible.
- Use for any temporary or permanent purpose which detracts for the sole and single object of preserving the property as a natural park is forever prohibited and forbidden.
- These restrictions do NOT apply to property owned by the City for the water plant.

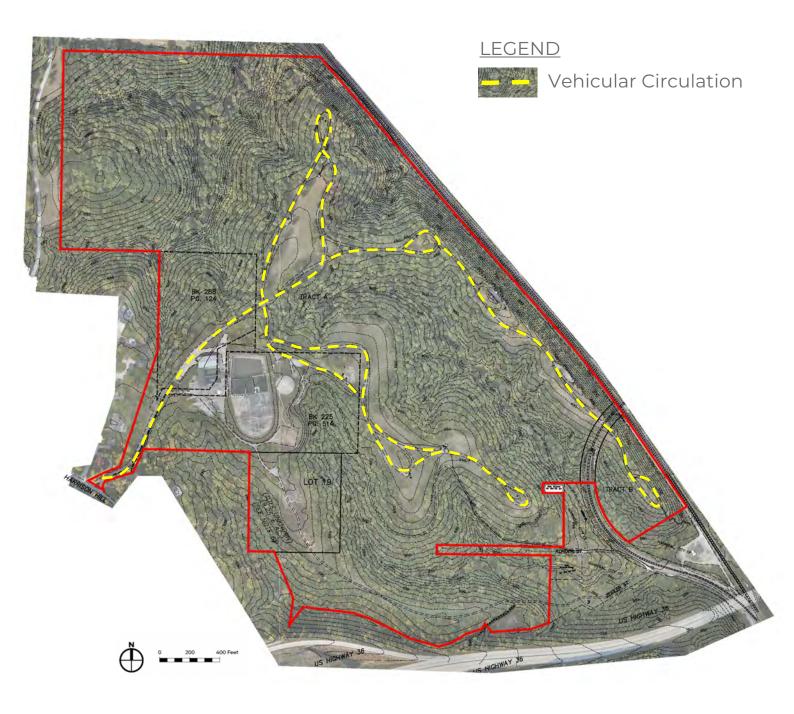




ONE OF MANY MAPLES IN RIVERVIEW PARK

### Circulation - Vehicular

- Main Entrance
  - Existing utilities visually detract from the main entrance.
  - Signage is not adequateopportunities for better first impression.
  - Pedestrian circulation is not defined or safe.
- Entry Drive
  - Views are dominated by Water Building.
  - Concrete Paving dominates entry experience.

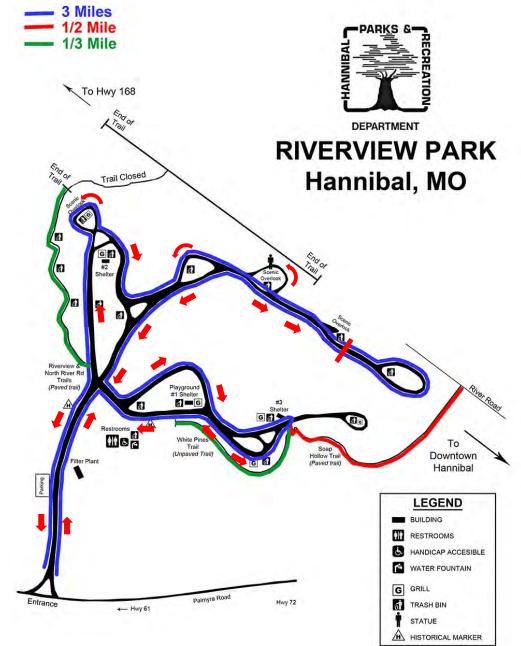




### Circulation - Vehicular

- Park Roads
  - One-way system is unusual and confusing.
  - Signage is not clear.
  - Paving material is not consistent.
  - Often shared with pedestrians.





### Circulation - Pedestrian

- Riverfront Trail
  - Blocked at wash out area.
  - Width restrictions due to land slides.
  - Railroad crossing at tunnel.

### • Internal Park

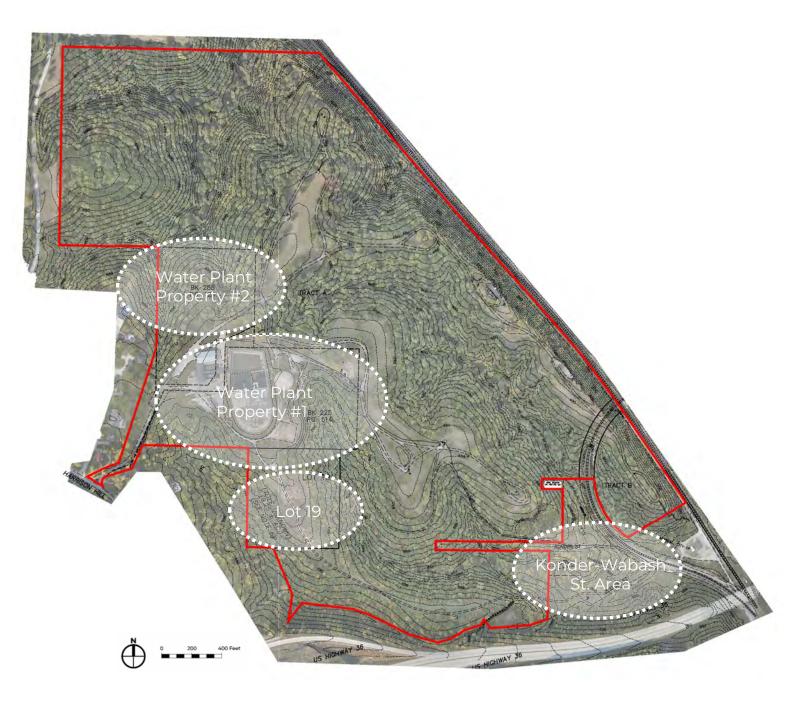
- Pedestrians share the road with vehicles.
- No trails to north and south areas of the park.
- No wayfinding signage.





### Land Ownership

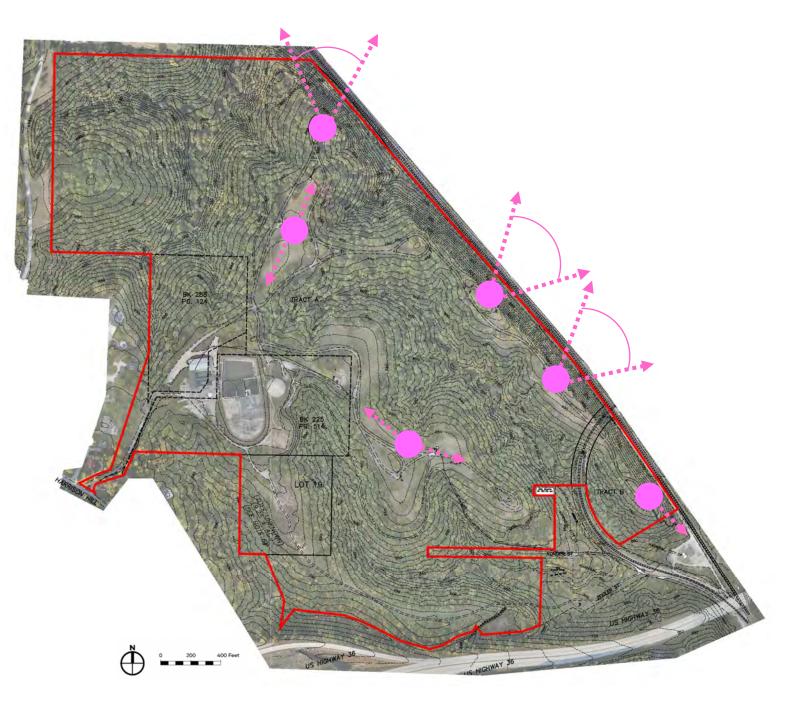
- Water Plant Property #1
  - 17.75 ac
  - Site of Water Treatment Plant.
- Water Plant Property #2
  - 11.57 ac
  - Site of new building and parking area.
- Lot 19
  - Possessed by City.
  - Title in process.
- Konder-Wabash Street Area
  - City owned.
  - Not park of park property.





### Views

- High priority on preservation
- Selective clearing required for most.
- Northeast Scenic Overlook
  - Best views of river.
  - Wall in need of repair. Consider 2 course wall
- Mark Twain Statue Overlook
  - Good view of river.
  - Overlook area suffers from erosion which is impacting wall.
- Overlook #3
  - Good Views of river.
- Southeast Overlook (Closed)
  - Views obscured by vegetation.
  - Potential to clear new views towards city



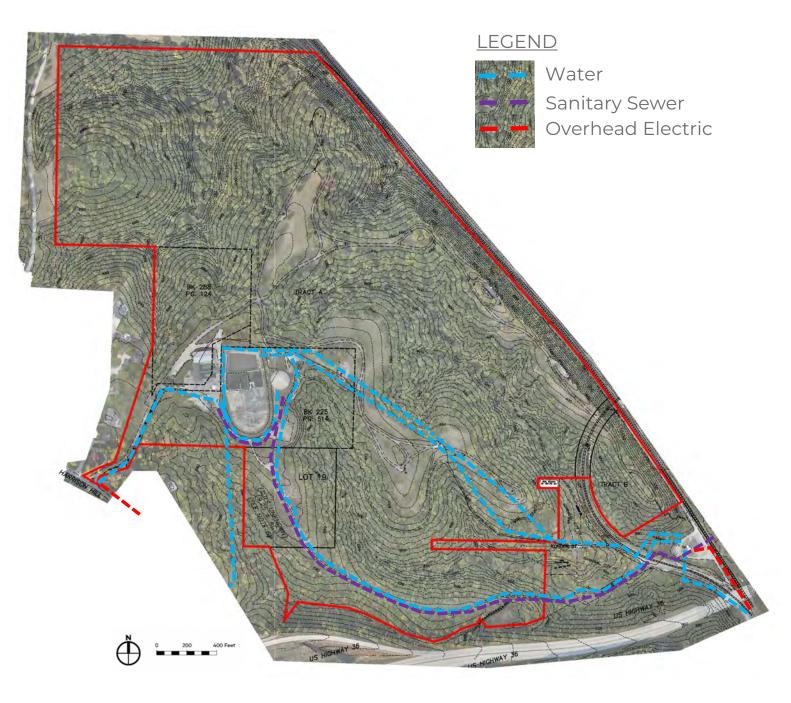






### Utilities

- Water Plant Property
  - Needs to maintain access and parking.
  - Site of Water Treatment Plant.
- Structure at Rivers Edge
  - Needs to maintain access and parking.
- Utility Lines in Park
  - No permanent structures over
  - Pavement/ walks acceptable
- Overhead Electric at Entrance
  - Poles will require relocation for modifications.





### Topography & Stormwater

- Majority of property steeply sloping.
- Significant Ravines
  - Convey significant volumes of stormwater.
  - Require stabilization due to severe erosion.
- Washouts
  - Significant at Riverfront Trail.
- Trails
  - Many exceed ADA requirements and, in some cases, challenge the ablebodied.





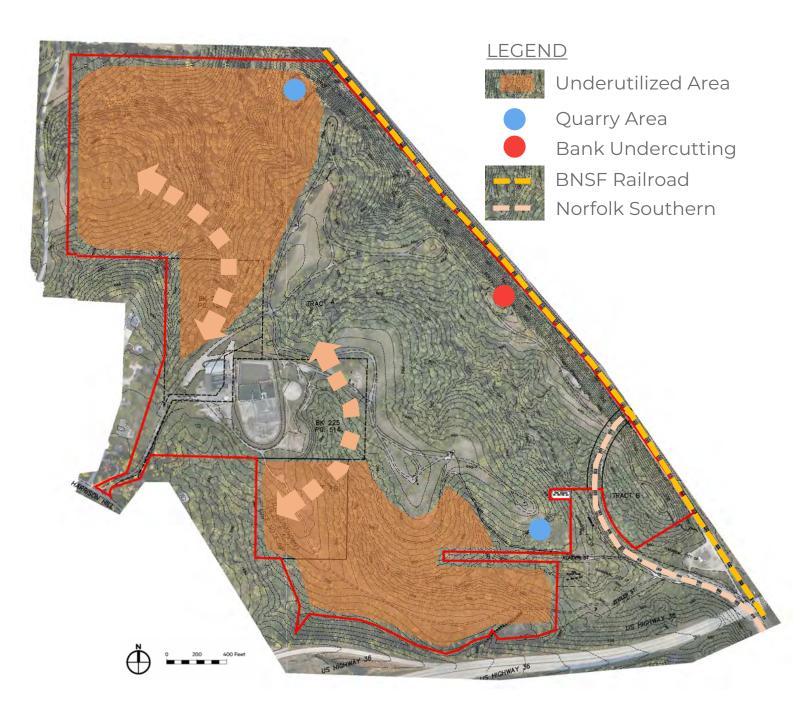




### Other Considerations

- Old quarry site collects water and channels it into ravine which creates significant washouts.
- North area of park underutilized.
  - Consider adding trails to increase use in these areas.
- South area of park underutilized.
  - Consider adding trails to increase use in these areas.
- Mark Twain Overlook
  - Serious bank undercutting
  - Other hardscape improvements
- Existing Railroads
  - BNSF
  - Norfolk Southern





### Other Considerations

- Preserve open lawn areas that currently exist. Future considerations may include:
  - Remove man-made visual intrusions
  - Clear invasive shrubs
  - Reintroduce native perennials at edge of edges of open spaces
- Opportunity may exist for restoring open lawn south of water treatment plant.





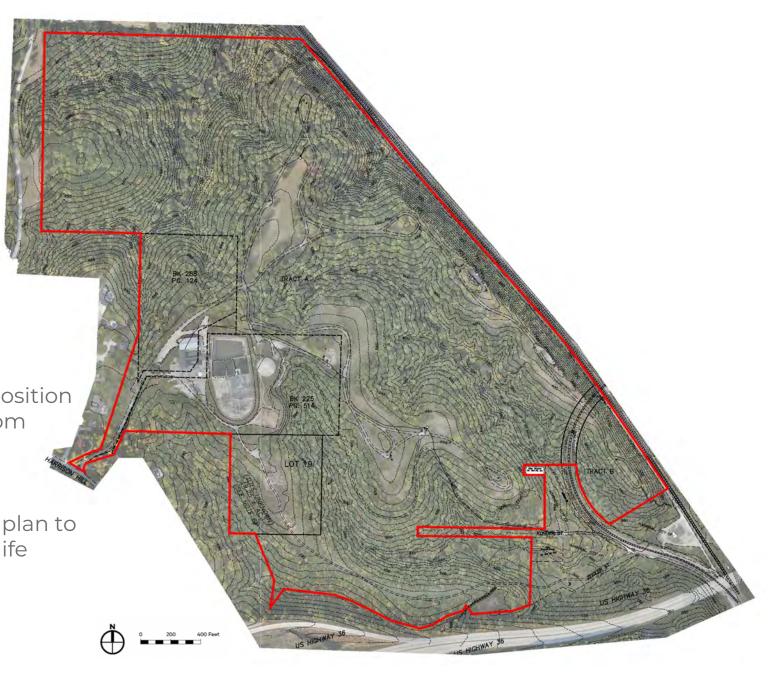


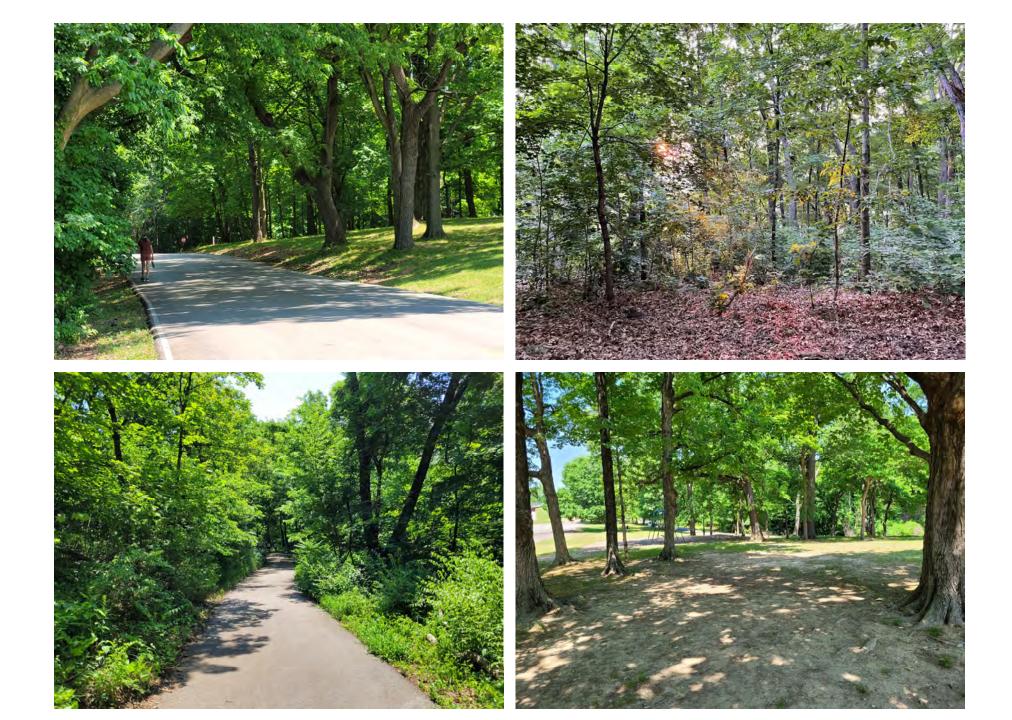


What's Missing? Vegetation

- Collect data on trees in mowed and maintained areas and forested areas
  - High risk trees in need of mitigation
  - High value trees of exceptional benefit to be retained and protected
  - Potential planting sites to enhance the aesthetic character of the park.
  - Collect data on forest species composition
    - Determine potential threats from invasive species
    - Determine actions needed to maintain species diversity
    - Develop a forest management plan to improve forest health and wildlife benefits









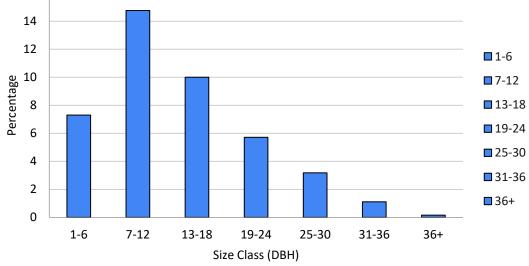
Vegetation – What we know so far.

- Mowed and Maintained Areas: Size
  - Largest proportion of the inventoried tree population (approximately 40%) should be young trees, while a smallest proportion (approximately 10%) should be mature trees.
  - More tree plantings to beef up the younger end of the spectrum.
  - Try to preserve mature trees as much as possible.
  - In general, the size class/age distribution is fairly decent.

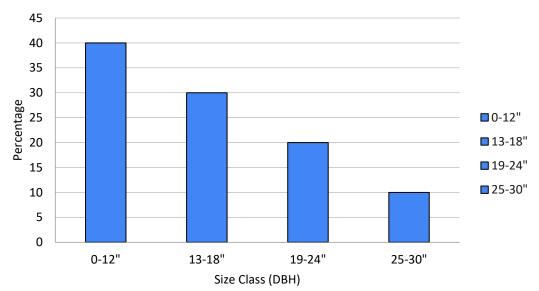


Percentage by Size Class (DBH)

16



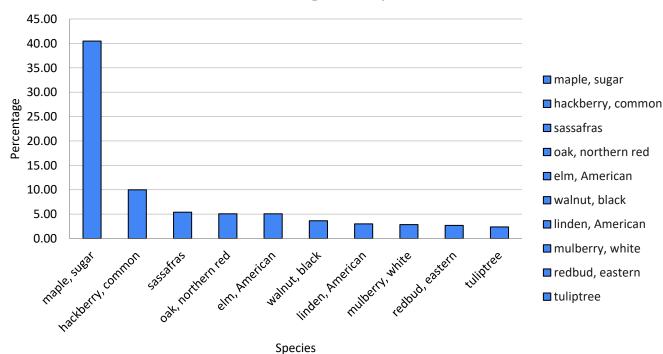
### Ideal size class distribution



Vegetation – What we know so far.

- Mowed and Maintained Areas: Species Composition
  - Riverview Park's species distribution is diverse with the glaring except of sugar maple (Acer saccharum).
  - Over 40% of Riverview's trees in mowed and maintained areas are sugar maple.
  - Avoid planting any more sugar maples.
  - Regarding mature tree preservation, favor non-maple species.
- Total Mowed and Maintained Trees Counted=630

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### Percentage vs. Species

The 10-20-30 rule is a common standard for tree population distribution, in which a single species should compose no more than 10% of the tree population, a single genus no more than 20%, and a single family no more than 30%.

## **Public Input**

- Tackle Problems not Each Other.
- Everyone Participates.
- A & A Rule: Adding Ideas to Provide Alternatives.
- Defer Judgment.
- Go for Quantity.

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## **Public Input**

#### 1. What is your favorite activity in Riverview Park?

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#### 2. What is your least favorite part of the park?

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#### 3. What 5 improvements should be considered in the park?

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#### 4. What uses should be eliminated from the park?

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#### 5. What are your top priorities for the park?

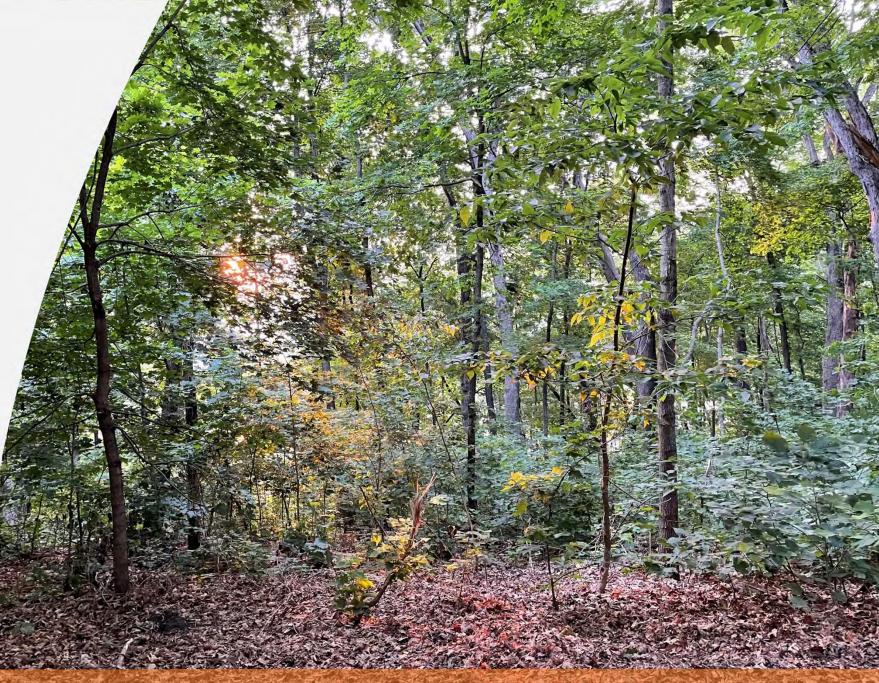
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## **Next Steps**

- Park Tree Resource Data Collection and Analysis
- Issues & Analysis
- Vision Definition
- Alternative Concepts & On-Line Survey





THE KEY COMPONENT OF RIVERVIEW PARK - THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT

### **Questions?**





A RIVER OVERLOOK IN RIVERVIEW PARK



## **City of Hannibal**

Parks & Recreation Department

## **Thank You!**



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